## NOT FOR PUBLICATION

## UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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In re:

Chapter 11

MARKETXT HOLDINGS CORP.,

Case No. 04-12078

Debtor.

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ALAN NISSELSON, as Chapter 11 Trustee of MarketXT Holdings Corp., and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors,

Plaintiffs,

- against -

EMPYREAN INVESTMENT FUND, L.P., EMPYREAN GENERAL PARTNER, LLC, ASH MASTER FUND, II, LLC, ASH MASTER FUND II, L.P., ASH FUND LP f/k/a EMPYREAN FUND, LP, ASH FUND II LP, ASH CAPITAL, LLC f/k/a, ASH CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, ASH GENERAL PARTNER, LLC, ASH OFFSHORE FUND, LTD., ASH GENERAL PARTNER OFFSHORE, LTD., RAUF ASHRAF, and JOHN DOES 1 THROUGH 10,

Adv. No. 05-01268 (ALG)

Defendants.

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## MEMORANDUM OF OPINION DENYING MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

A P P E A R A N C E S:

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## ALLAN L. GROPPER UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

The Defendants have moved for reconsideration of the Court's Memorandum Opinion dated January 10, 2006 holding the Defendants in contempt. The rule permitting reconsideration is "narrowly construed and strictly applied in order to avoid repetitive arguments already considered by the Court." *Winkler v. Metropolitan Life Ins.*, 340 F. Supp. 2d 411, 413 (S.D.N.Y. 2004); *Griffin Indus., Inc.*, 72 F. Supp. 2d at 368; *In re Best Payphones, Inc.*, 2003 WL 1089525, at \*2 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 2003). A motion for reconsideration is "limited to the record that was before the Court on the original motion." *Periera v. Aetna Cas. & Sur. Co. (In re Payroll Express Corp.)*, 216 B.R. 713, 716 (S.D.N.Y. 1997) (internal citations omitted).

The Defendants first contend that there was no clear and unambiguous Court order to serve as a predicate for the contempt motion. This is an exact repetition of an argument previously asserted and does not justify a motion for reconsideration. *In re*  *Jamesway Corp.*, 203 B.R. 543, 546 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1996). It does not "demonstrate the need to correct a clear error or prevent manifest injustice." *Sanofi-Synthelabo v. Apotex, Inc.*, 363 F. Supp. 2d 592, 594 (S.D.N.Y. 2005), citing *Griffin Indus., Inc. v. Petrojam, Ltd.*, 72 F. Supp. 2d 365, 368 (S.D.N.Y. 1999).

The Defendants further argue that a brief footnote on page 25 of the Court's Memorandum Opinion "contradicts fundamental precepts of income tax jurisprudence." (Defs. Mem. of Law in Supp. of Mot. for Recons. at 6.) The footnote is plainly not a material holding and essentially noted the lack of reality to the Defendants' position, a perception their latest motion does nothing to dispel. See *Nat'l Ass'n of Coll. Bookstores, Inc. v. Cambridge Univ. Press*, 990 F. Supp. 245, 254 (S.D.N.Y. 1997), quoting *Anglo-American Ins. Group, P.L.C. v. CalFed Inc.*, 940 F. Supp. 554, 557 (S.D.N.Y. 1996) (movant must show "that the Court overlooked controlling decisions or factual matters 'that might materially have influenced its earlier decision.")

Finally, the Defendants argue that the Court cannot enter a dispositive order but must refer the contempt motion to the District Court. The Defendants cite cases under a prior version of Bankruptcy Rule 9020. See *Stein and Day Inc. v. Coordinated Sys. and Servs. Corp.*, 83 B.R. 221 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1988); *Omega Equip. Corp. v. John C. Louis Co., Inc. (In re Omega Equip. Corp.)*, 51 B.R. 569 (D.D.C. 1985); *In re Kalpana Elecs., Inc.*, 58 B.R. 326 (Bankr. E.D.N.Y. 1986). It is well accepted, in light of the 2001 amendments to Rule 9020, that bankruptcy courts have power to enter civil contempt orders. See 10 <u>Collier on Bankruptcy</u> ¶ 9020.01-9020.02 (15th ed. rev. 2005); *Egbarin v. Connecticut Diagnostics, LLC*, 286 B.R. 45, 47 (Bankr. D. Conn. 2002); see also *Bartel v. Shugrue (In re Ionosphere Clubs, Inc.)*, 171 B.R. 18, 21 (S.D.N.Y. 1994), decided prior

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to the 2001 amendments to Rule 9020 and which found that "[t]o the extent [appellant] is suggesting that a bankruptcy court lacks the power to impose penalties for civil contempt, he is bucking a strong tide of authority flowing against him." The Defendants' last argument, therefore, is not a basis for reconsideration.

The motion is denied.

Dated: New York, New York January 27, 2006

> /s/ Allan L. Gropper UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE